BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1855 VOLUME XXI.....NUMBER 285

THE BANGOR DAILY WHIG & COURIER,
PUBLISHED MORNINGS,
[illegible] Corner of Kenduskeag
Three Dollars a year,
WHEELER & LYNDE, Proprietors.
[illegible] if paid in one year from the time
[illegible] of the year, discontinuance
[illegible] at the option of the
[illegible] the amount due.

THE BANGOR COURIER
[illegible] every Thursday,
[illegible] Daily Whig and Courier at
[illegible] Dollars and Fifty Cents in advance and
Two Dollars a year if not
[illegible] year.
[illegible] inserted at reasonable rates
[illegible] Publishers be responsible
[illegible] beyond the amount
[illegible]
[illegible] Hand may be seen free
[illegible] Post and Window at Fish's
[illegible] Day, where Advertise
[illegible] may be received for those
[illegible]

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS,
[illegible] Bills, Programmes, Cards,
[illegible] Notes, Bill Heads
[illegible] Blanks, Law Blanks,
[illegible] Cards, Pamphlets
[illegible] Cards, &c. &c.,
Executed with Neatness and Despatch.
[illegible] JOHN H LYNDE.

[illegible] & CO., 10 State-st.
[illegible], New York, are authorized
[illegible] Advertising Agents
[illegible] Bangor Daily Whig and Courier.

[illegible] RICHARDSON, Esq.,
[illegible]

A MARVELLOUS REMEDY
For a Marvelous Age!!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT!!

The Great External Remedy.

[illegible] the cure of all maladies of
[illegible] in which external application
[illegible] Ointment is where reduction be
[illegible] or external part. This
[illegible] Soldiers of our Army, at
[illegible] Hospitals in the Crimea
[illegible] Ointment is the only
[illegible] Hand may be seen free
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Don't the Ointment and Pills should
[illegible] Company
[illegible]

[illegible] Burns, Wounds and
Ulcers.
[illegible] surgeons have ad
[illegible] wonderful Ointment
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Piles and Fistulas.
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Don't the Ointment and Pills should
[illegible] Company
[illegible]

At Franklin Street
Carriage Depot!

On Hand and For Sale
AT
LOWEST PRICES

[illegible] Chaise, Carryalls, Wagons, Top
[illegible] Open Buggies, Gig-seat Wheels
[illegible] all kinds. Also, constantly on
[illegible] Rock Maple and Walnut Lumber, Cut and
[illegible] Hubs, Turned and Sawed Spokes,
[illegible] Shafts and Dupee Springs, and Axles

[illegible] Team, Express, Porter, and Pedlar
WAGONS,
[illegible] of all kinds of CARRIAGES,
Made and Repaired
TO ORDER

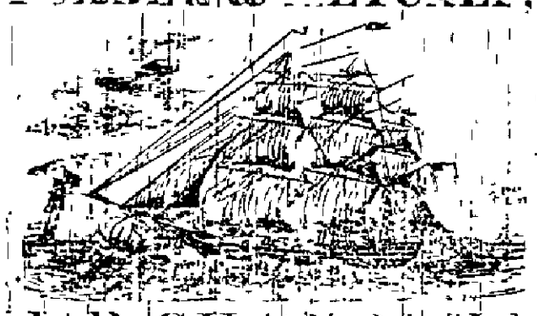
[illegible] the assurance to any necessity to state
[illegible] I will sell my large stock on hand AT
[illegible] PAINTING, of all kinds, done for Cash
[illegible] than at any other establishment in Maine.
[illegible] who wish to purchase a Carriage or
[illegible] will please give me a call.

B. N. THOMS.
[illegible] March 8, 1855 tf

Miller's Leather Preservative

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE for rendering Leather
[illegible] soft, pliable and waterproof, for sale by
[illegible] H. W. FULLER

FURBER & METCALF,



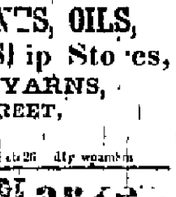
SHIP CHANDLERS
—AND DEALERS IN—
CORDAGE, SAIL CLOTH, PAINTS, OILS,
Naval Stores, Coal, Flour, Ship Stores,
RAFT ROPE AND LATH YARNS,
Nos. 2, 14 and 20 BROAD STREET,
BANGOR.

SAM'L FURBER,
HIRAM METCALF,
HUGH ROSS,

Feb 26 dly woamlyn

Keep us busy & Meat Market.

BEEF
—AND—
PORK!



RICE & SARGENT,
(Successors to JONES & TRICKEY,)

Keep constantly on hand, and at all times a good assortment of the

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

Whig and Courier.

Wheeler & Lynde Proprietors.

FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1855.

☞ For Railroad, Steamboat, Stage, Lyceum and Public House Advertisements, see Fourth Page.

☞ For Bowdoin Land notices see Forth Page.

☞ For "City of Bangor" advertisement see first page.

☞ TELEGRAPHIC ON NEXT PAGE.

MORE "RELIABLE INFORMATION."—The Secretary of State of Maine has been informed on "reliable authority," that "there is no general disaffection among the Know Nothings in his State"—that in one large town (name not given) where it was said there were two hundred members last fall, it was difficult to recollect "ten at a time"—and that Gov. Morrill's course has displeased the order.

The captain had "reliable authority" another week, for stating that the Know Nothing State Convention had then been held, and had renominated our Samuel Cony for Governor. How the reliable has latest news from the same authority.

TO BE LET.—To-morrow, (Saturday) at noon twelve o'clock,—from the yard of Swazey, Blake & Co., on Brewer, a first rate 60 ton sloop—full rigged on the stocks—and I and a half feet of the best built and finished vessels ever made on the river. She is of 135 tons keel, 29 feet beam, 12 feet hold. She is heavily timbered, and—lined up with the best hard pine 2 inches thick—and is copper fastened. From the upper deck to the bottom of the keel is one piece of solid timber—with two sets of iron knees. She has four heavy breast hooks. She is furnished with a patent windlass, and every thing's &c., which will save the labor of a dozen men.

The cabin is furnished in very elegant style, in panel-work of mahogany and maple, with mahogany frames and gilt moulding—the upper lining being done by Messrs Norris & Dwight—painting and decoration by Mr Knapp of Newburyport.

Levi H. Saunders is the master builder, and the joining was done by Mr Babridge Pabody of Brewer, Mr Turner of Bangor, and others.—Some elegant carved work is by Mr H. Snow of this city.

The bark is owned by Messrs Charles E. Lansing, A. S. Harding, W. A. Brewer, and the builders, Saunders, Blake & Co. She will be commanded by Capt A. S. Harding a Bangor man.

Her name is the "PHILLIA L. LANSING."

SALE OF HOUSE LOTS AT AUCTION.—H. S. Prescott, auctioneer, yesterday sold the following lots at auction, situated on Otis street (with the exception of lot No. 1, which is on the corner of State and Otis streets) at the prices and to the persons named below:

Lot No. 1, $335, to John Carey; 3, $132,50, 4 and 6, $100 each, 9 and 11, $95 each, to Patrick Moran; 5 and 7, $90,50 each, to H. H. Marsh; 13 and 15, $92,50 each, to Wm. Hanegan; 17 and 19 $65 each, to Patrick Griffin; $100, 14, $ 0, to J. W. Carr; 12 and 21 $98,50 each, to John McCarty, 20 and 23 $87,50 each, to Jeremiah French; 8, $90, 16 $ 1; to D. F. Brown; 21, $12,50, to Patrick Kelly; 23, $62,50 to Timothy Gilligan; 10 $ 0; to A. K. P. Trask.

Twenty-three lots were disposed of at the total amount of $2, 15,50. Every lot offered was sold.

THE LIQUOR DEALERS AND THE NEW YORK DEMOCRACY.—The Boston Courier says that the liquor dealers of New York city are steadily moving forward their subordinate organizations in that city. There seems to be a division of sentiment on one point, viz:—whether it be advisable to make the issue prominent one or rely upon the putting of men opposed to prohibition by the Democratic party. The opponents of the Maine Law in one ward, under the impulse of Mr. Josiah Hyndman and others, have already given in their adhesion to Fair play, and it is encouraged both wards will follow suit.

A SLAVE OUTBREAK ON THE STEAMER MISSOURI.—The Memphis Enquirer says that the Captain of the burg Crossland of that place after putting to sea, recently, from Jacksonville, Florida, discovered that a negro had got on board and secreted himself. He put into Georgetown, Carolina, and kept there four days, and left the negro, who was sent back. When the Crossland returned to Jacksonville, the owner of the slave exacted from the Captain the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, though having no legal claim, and this, together with twenty-five dollars additional to a lawyer, was paid, rather than to have the vessel libelled, and submit to a more expensive delay to have the matter adjudicated.

PUTNAM'S MONTHLY for June. End of Volume Five.

Contents of No. 30: 1. American Travellers, 2. Robert of Lincoln, 3. Two or Married (continued); 4. The Last Emigrant from Siberia, 5. Australasia, 6. Fifty-four Hundred Years ago; 7. Slavery in the Ottoman Empire, 8. Living in the Country (Sparrowgrass Ecclesiae), 9. Science and Navigation; 10. About Hams, 11. The Desire of the Moth, 12. Cape Cod; 13. The Mormon's Wife; 14. Now and Then; 15. Should we Fear the Pope? 16. Editorial Notices.

Terms, three dollars a year, or twenty-five cents a number. Dix & Edwards, publishers, 10 Park Place, New York.

The bodies of Green Lobley and John Adams, two of the three young men who were drowned in Newport Pond while rowing in a boat on the 6th instant—were found—the former on Monday and the latter on Tuesday.

The Journal of Wednesday morning announced the arrival in this city of Hon. Anson P. Morrill. He is not expected. Mr. Morrill has not been in the city this week.

The body of Mr Jesse Davis, of Sangerville, drowned near Elmchard, about three weeks ago, was found about ten days afterwards much bruised by dragging on the rocks in the channel of the river.

The Bar Maine Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church is to hold its annual session in this city, commencing on Wednesday of next week. Bishop Ames, of Indiana, is to preside.

Where may stay in Virginia a over ten thousand, probably. The viva voce system o voting had a great influence in keeping the democratic voters in the traces.

An exchange says that Tom Thumb, the celebrated little great man, was married at Webster, Thursday last, to a Miss Vinton, of Bridgeport, Conn.

H. P. Duren has received the firs. volume of Irelan's life of Washington

The Gradian Guards were out on parade yesterday, and made a creditable appearance

ARRIVAL OF CHARGE OF THE EMPEROR AT SIMODA, Japan.—The Shanghae correspondent of the New York Herald writes as follows concerning the terrible earthquake which sunk the town of Simoda, accounts of which have before reached us from other sources. The statement communicated from on board the U. S. steam frigate Powhatan:

Upon our arrival, on the 25th of January, we found that a terrible earthquake had shaken the whole of Nipbon, destroying Simoda and many other towns, together, and finally sinking the Russian frigate Diana, lying at the time in Simoda. I give you the following account, as received from some of the officers of the Diana: At 9 A. M. on the 23d of December last, the thermometer 72 degrees in the cabin, a severe shock of an earthquake was felt on board the frigate, shaking the ship most violently. This shock lasted one five minutes, and was followed in quick succession by eight and seven shocks for the ty minutes. At 9, 10, the ship was lying near Vreading into Hedya, in nine fathoms water, 10 feet high, with awful white cliffs. In an instant the town of Simoda was overwhelmed and swept from its founda tion; large ponds were flushed together, and many swept up the valley several miles. The water, as suddenly receded, carrying everything with it, houses, junks, fragments of all kinds and human beings in one frightful mass.

The advance and recession of the water occupied five minutes. A dense smoke arose over the town and adjoining land, and the air was filled with exhalation, with sulphurous gas, the earth heaving and being shook by the subterranean explosions for five hours. On board the Russian frigate the scene was also a chaotic one to appal the stoutest heart. She was dashed from side to side, and, upon the waters receding, she was suddenly brought upon her beam ends, with but four feet of water around her. Again suddenly floated with such a beautiful velocity that it reached as if the ship was flying through the air, numerous whirlpools were formed, in which the ship was worked with such cruel fury that men and office s were made giddy. In this helpless condition they remained during the continuance of the earthquake and the agitation of the waters, the water receding and advancing five different times. When stranded at the ebb, the frigate's anchors were in sight, and seemed to be moving along the ground, the ship feeling the shocks in every timber, having the whole of her keel and rudder torn off, and consequently leaking badly. At 2.30 P. M. all was quiet, with the exception of an occasional rumbling of the earth, the town entirely and seemingly annihilating upon its work of destruction. So thickly strewn was its ruins, that the Japanese walked across the bay, scratching of the dead, and help floating property. Of about 1000 houses in Simoda, but 10 were left standing, and they are all more or less shattered. During the height of the scene, a large junk was driven high against the Russian bows, and split in two. Ropes were thrown to the crew, to save themselves, but, as boldness was to the guilt ess which forbids a Japanese to go on board of a "outsider" without permission, they refused to avail themselves of any means of safety, and sank with their vessel. Some two hundred yet were lost. The population of 7000, at the first shock, rushing to the hill sides before the water rushed in was the cause of great saving of life.

THE WHIRLWIND IN JEFFERSON, ILL.—The Chicago papers contain a full account of the recent terrible tornado at Jefferson, Ill. The Chicago Times of the 24th describes it as follows.

"Between 6 Plain Standard about 6 o'clock a small cloud like dense smoke rising in a huge column from the earth, and in the space of a few secs to the west. The column extended upward to the clouds and then became violently agitated with a whirling motion, and on immediately moving over the country toward the southeast. It bore some resemblance to a water spout; but was more terrible in its appearance and movements. Lightning descended from the vapors through the column, contrasting streaks of flame with its dark outside, and leading to the whole an appearance fearful.

The column continued moving in a peculiar direction toward the south east, through a segment of about 45 degrees, when it suddenly broke in two and disappeared. In a few moments the point where the column appeared was observed to rise again, this time apparently but a few feet in diameter. It expanded as it went whirling upward until nearly as large as before, and on reaching the clouds (in appearance) moved back again towards the northwest over almost precisely the same path as before. When about half way back to its starting place the column disappeared and was seen no more.

This strange to history phenomenon was a whirlwind.

On coming from the neighborhood where it was first observed to rise (about twenty miles from Jefferson) it was found to have left the most terrible evidences of its destructive power, uprooting everything which happened to be in its path. The house of Mr Page, about a mile south of O'Plain station, was totally demolished, and four of the inmates were killed. Three others—the son and daughter-in-law of Mr Page, and one of their children—were badly, and one permanently, dangerously injured. The person killed were the wife of Mr Page, senior, and three of her grand children. Two other children were hurt, making nine altogether who were either killed or injured by the calamity. One of the children was found by any one from where the house stood, its body mutilated in a most shocking manner, and stripped of every particle of clothing. The house was a frame and stood upon a solid stone foundation, from which it was lifted bodily by the wind and dashed to fragments.

Just across the whirlwind demolished a large barn and instantly killed a fine horse and a number of cattle which were inside. Fences were levelled, trees uprooted and twisted from their trunks by the awful power of the wind. The destruction along the line which it travelled must have been great. We fear that more lives have been destroyed.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.—The New York Express says of the result:

"The fact is, Virginia has not been trying "Sam," but has confounded him with "Sambo," and so has thrashed him. The efforts of the Democracy to identify the two myths has been successful and complete. Virginia for seventy years has voted one ways—and so will vote—till railroads cut it to bits, and telegraphs light along strike down her political prejudices and passions."

RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF SCHOOL COMMITTEES.

Opinions of the Supreme Court in the Ellsworth School Case.

We commence to-day the publication of the opinion of the Supreme Court in the case of Bridget Donahoe vs. John D. Richards et al just delivered by Judge Appleton. It will be completed in one or two more dailies and be published entire in our next weekly.

HANCOCK COUNTY.

Bridget Donahoe by next friend vs. John D. Richards et al.

APPLETON, J. It was decided in Donahoe vs. Richards, that the expulsion of a minor child from the public schools by the Superintending School Committee, even if wrongful, was not a violation of any legal right of the infant, and would not entitle him to maintain an action therefor—that the writ in such case is committed against the child, and that if entitled to redress, it must be sought in its name.

The present suit is by the minor, for the alleged wrong of exclusion from school in consequence of her refusal to read in one of the books directed by the defendants, who are the Superintending School Committee of the town of Ellsworth, to be used in the school of which she was a member.

The questions involved in the determination of this case are the liability, when acting in good faith in the discharge of the duty, to or not of the acts of the individual applied, even if the exclusion was erroneous—their power as to the selection of books to be used—their legal right to expel a scholar in case of refusal to read a book by them prescribed—the constitutionality of a regulation by which the Bible, or any version of it, as designated among the books to be used.

The education of the people is regarded as too much a matter of public concern, and of too great importance, that the constitution of the State imposes on the Legislature the duty to make liberal provisions for the support and maintenance of the public schools. With a view of diffusing of the advantages of education throughout the country and to the preservation of the rights and liberties of the people, to promote this important object, the Legislature authorized and it shall be their duty to require the several towns to raise such sum as the corporation of their towns, for the support and maintenance of public schools. [—Const. Art. 8.

This requirement of the constitution only so far directs what shall be the enacting of statutes and ordinances. Those therein referred to are passed at different times to carry into effect the constitutional duty. In 1846, in pursuance of a resolve of the Legislature of that year, the Governor and Council appointed a commission to revise and consolidate the school laws of the State, which was done, and the act passed March 30, 1847, under which the defendants qualified as their agents.

The following are the principal changes in the system as then established, and which still remain in force, the under which the defendants qualified as their agents.

1. The Legislature put the direction of the whole system in the hands of the several city governments of the State. This Court is authorized to establish rules for the regulation of business in Court. The only restrictions in either case, is that by-laws and rules thus established shall not conflict with the Statutes and Constitution of the State. Within these limits they have all the form and vigor of legislative enactments. So in this case the same general and extensive powers over this subject matter is granted, and the course of studies and the books prescribed by the Superintending School Committee are to be regarded as if established and prescribed by the act of the Legislature.

The power of selection is general and unlimited. It is vested in the Committee of each town. It was neither expected nor intended, that there should be centre unity in the course of instruction or in the books to be used in the several towns in the State. The very distribution of power manifestly shows that no such intention could have existed. The manner of its exercise must depend upon the judgment, discretion and intelligence of the different Committees. The mutual selection at any given time and place, depends upon the views and opinions of those upon whom the law devolves this duty. The power of ultimate decision must rest somewhere. No right of appeal is granted. No power of revision is conferred upon any other tribunal. Because the right of selection may be injudiciously or unwisely exercised, it by no means follows that it does not exist. This Court cannot make an affirmative rule as to what books shall be selected, nor a negative rule prescribing what shall not be used. If the right to selection be exercised, in conformity with existing Statutes and the Constitution. The power of select includes that of making repetitious and all universal selections, but there being no right of appeal the selection is binding and conclusive.

But the argument is pressed upon our consideration that immoral and irreligious books may be selected—that children may be required to read the works of Satan, or even the Book of Mormon. This may be so. But the exercise of power which is the subject of complaint, in this case, is not in that direction, nor is the danger that it will be, regarded as very urgent. The legislature may undoubtedly make such selection. So they may repeal any statute by which Termine law are enacted, or punished, for the right to impose such restraint includes the right to modify or repeal it. If the legislature, acting within constitutional limitations, should prescribe a course of instruction, from the Universe, or books whatever material, we are not aware of no power on the part of the Court to interfere. The abuse of a power is no argument against its existence. It is of the essence of all power that it may be exercised unwisely or abused by those to whom it is intrusted. In the case supposed the remedy is to remove and at hand. It is to be found where are found all the remedies for bad legislation—in the people. They elect those by whom the laws are passed. If the legislature enact laws impose, unjust requiring the restraints on it or giving rights to it to refuse, the people have only to choose those for their agents by whom such legislation would be repealed. But if such unjust legislation, or that outside of the powers granted, and the course of studies and the books prescribed by the Superintending School Committee are to be regarded as if established and prescribed by the act of the Legislature.

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The power thus conferred is on the most general and explicit terms. The power of establishing by-laws is given to the several city governments of the State. This Court is authorized to establish rules for the regulation of business in Court. The only restrictions in either case, is that by-laws and rules thus established shall not conflict with the Statutes and Constitution of the State. Within these limits they have all the form and vigor of legislative enactments. So in this case the same general and extensive powers over this subject matter is granted, and the course of studies and the books prescribed by the Superintending School Committee are to be regarded as if established and prescribed by the act of the Legislature.

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The use of the Bible as a reading book is not prohibited by any express language of the constitution.

Is its use for that purpose in opposition to the spirit and intention of that instrument?

It is not, if it be a book which any parent may direct read in the spirit and meaning of the constitution, to be used in schools, it is obvious that its use may be required of all, for a regulation which any scholar may violate with impunity would cease to have the force and effect of a rule.

[To be Continued.]

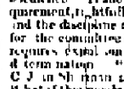
WEEKLY REPORT

Of work at the Bodwell's—the week ending Saturday May 26.

	Feet of logs rafted.	No. of Days Work.	Feet Rafted per day.
Penobscot,	4 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aroostook,	2 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

H. P. PENNINGS, Treas. P. L. A.

Fourth of July Celebration.



The citizens of Bangor are requested to meet at the City Hall on SATURDAY evening, June 2, at eight o'clock, for the purpose of giving an expression of their views relative to the subject of a public popular Celebration of the approaching anniversary of the declaration of Independence.

Per order of Committee of City Council

June1 2t

JOSEPH COVELL,
INSPECTOR GENERAL
of Beef and Pork.

☞ Orders by mail addressed to me at Jay Bridge, Me., will receive prompt attention

june1 dawlw

JOHN BUSSELL,
Deputy Inspector of Beef & Pork,
BANGOR, ME.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed Deputy Inspector of Beef and Pork, for the County of Penobscot, and all persons dealing in these articles will govern themselves accordingly.

Orders can be left with the subscriber, at his house on Hammond street, or at the store of Messrs. Upton & Ingalls, Wes Market Square.

JOHN BUSSELL,

June 1, 1855 d&w3m

MARRIED.

In Surry, June 1st, by Rev. Chas. C. Foster, Mr. Geo. F. Shaw of Fredericton, N. B., to Miss Huldah M. Rand of Sedgwick, N. B.

Bangor Daily WHIG & COURIER

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

ARRIVED,
THURSDAY, May 31

Sch Eclipse, Rich, Boston
Sch Harper, Calvey, New York
Sch Constitution, Bridges, Boston
Sch Wave, Greeley, do
Sch Sarah Park Beale, Nantucket
Sch Wm Melville, Colson, Salem
Sch Illuminator, Sylvester, Schiedam
Sch Balloon, Sprat, do
Sch Friendship, Vose, Boston
Sch Ameret, Berry, Medford
Sch Merrill, Merrill, Falmouth
Sch Telumseh, Hamilton, Salem
Sch Laurens, Carpenter, Rockport
Sch Kennebec, Gooding, Boston
Sch Velocity, Upton, Nantucket
Sch Zamariah Johnson, Spoolerpool
Sch Seth and William Williams, Salem
Sch Orion, Wass, Lynn
Sch Marquis Perry, Salem
Sch Edward King, Blake, Rockport
Sch Col Francis Peabody, Salem

CLEARED

Schs A Hamlin, Lowell, Cape Becket, Rich and John and Mary, Parker, Rockport; Sarah Daniel, Pike, Portland; Mary Ann, Hall, Newburyport; Dirigo, Clark, Providence; George Henry, Smith, Gloucester, New Era, Day, Seguenel; Ocean Wave, Vesper, Fall River.

Notice to Grand Jurors.

BY an Act of the Legislature approved March 16, 1855, the Court of Common Pleas is declared to be abolished, and the Supreme Judicial Court is established for the County of Penobscot, in its stead. And by the same Act the next session of said Court will be held in said County on the first Tuesday of August next. And Grand Jurors in said Courts will govern themselves accordingly.

NATHAN WESTON, Jr., Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Bangor, May 3, 1855 } 3taug1

Window Glass,

ALL SIZES, for sale by H. W. FULLER,
june1 No. 4 Smith's Block

Boston Pure Lead

FOR sale by H. W. FULLER,
june1 No. 4 Smith's Block

English Linseed Oil

FOR sale by H. W. FULLER,
No. 4 Smith's Block

Paint Brushes,

ALL sizes, for sale by H. W. FULLER
No. 4 Smith's Block

Paper Hangings,

SPRING STYLES, for sale by
H. W. FULLER,
No. 4 Smith's Block

Putnam's Magazine,

GODEY'S, Graham's, Arthur's, Harper's and Woods, and other Periodicals for sale by
L. L. DURRIN
june1

Medicines.

VEGETABLE Medicines, single and compound, wholesale and retail, constantly on hand and for sale at 32 Main st., corner Water st.
june1 SAML HEALING.

Brushes.

FULLER, Hair, Tooth, Clothes, and Dust Brushes, for sale at SAML HEALING'S
june1

Flour and Beans.

200 BBLS. SUPERFINE FLOUR
200 bushels White Beans—landing from sch Harper, and for sale by
june1 3t AFWOOD & NICKERSON.

Stillwater Trip open.

THERE being now a free passage for Rafts through the Lower Basin the Association will, after this day, raft at the Upper Boom, all the logs that run, except such as bring marks which they can't alter the rest at the Lower Boom and will commence rafting immediately at the Northern Cape.

Please take away your logs, gentlemen

H. L. PRINCESS, Treas. P. L. A.

May31 1w

First Premium
PIANO FORTES

WE have received the agency, for this and vicinity, for the sale of

Brown & Allen's Piano Fortes

which are acknowledged by competent judges to be, in the essential requisites of a Piano, the best now made in this country.

Mr. Brown was of the old firm of Brown & Hallett, (whose Pianos have been long in the market, and are much admired for their durability and purity of tone) subsequently ten years foreman in the justly celebrated manufactory of the late Jonas Chickering, Esq., where he perfected and applied his PATENT GRAND ACTION.

These Pianos of their manufacture are distinguished for the crisp, pure, nuanced quality of tone, and superior elasticity of touch. See extract from Report of Committee on Musical Instruments, at the Rhode Island society for the encouragement of Domestic Industry, holden Sept. 12th to 15th, 1854.

"After a careful examination of the workmanship externally and internally, and after repeated trials and hearings, your Committee feel prepared to say, that this (Brown & Allen's) Piano Forte is one of the very best they have ever met with in the course of many successive years observation of the progress of Piano Forte manufacture in this country. In purity, combined with power and mellowness of tone, in evenness of tone from the bot om to the top of the scale—in the great excellence of the action, in thoroughness and elegance of workmanship throughout, in all the qualities, in short, which unite to constitute a first rate Piano Forte, this instrument, in the opinion of your Committee, has not been surpassed by any Square Piano I have hitherto produced among us, and they consider it eminently worthy of the highest premium in this department."

☞ Read the following certificate from a well known competent judge

—CERTIFICATE—

To whom it may concern—I have had occasion to use, and to select for many of my friends, Pianos made by Messrs. Brown & Allen, and I need little to say that their instruments are inferior to the made by no other person or firm now in the city, and in many of the more important points, such as purity of tone and mechanism, touch, &c., are superior. But give them a trial, if preference I would therefore recommend to those who may wish to purchase, to call at 341 Washington street and examine for themselves.

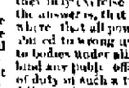
B. F. BAKER,

Boston, Mass., June 29, 1854.

FENNO & HALE,
Sole Agents for Bangor and vicinity.

june1 d&w

Sealed Proposals



Will be received, at the U. S. Engineers' Office, Fort Knox, Bucksport, Maine, to the 30th of June, for the construction of a Breakwater at Owls Head to consist of stone-work, extending from the main land to Eagle Island Ledge, a distance of about 330 ft. 40 feet wide at bottom and 20 on top which is to be covered with sound 2½ inch plank. The wood work to be of pine and hemlock, part round and part hewn, the latter to square from 9 inches to 12, and the stone to be all blocks weighing from 6 to 8 pounds to two tons, and over, and so hard as not to wear easily by attrition.

The work will range in hight from 10 to 24 feet, and all that is exposed at low water, about fifteen feet, must be of hewn stuff; the ties and pieces under water may be of round. All the different parts to be firmly secured together by oaken treenails and large iron bolts.

Each bid must give the names of two responsible persons who have consented to act as sureties for the faithful performance of the contract, otherwise no notice will be taken of it.

For further details, and all necessary information, can be had by applying to

WILLIAM D. FRASER,
Brevet Major Engineers.

Bucksport, May 30, 1855 sod3w30

SALE

OF

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

AND

FURNISHING GOODS,

AT

NO. 19 WEST MARKET SQUARE.

COMMENCING ON

FRIDAY, JUNE 1.

THIS extensive and rapidly increasing business is now concluded to offer at GREAT REDUCTION to those wishing to purchase Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Furnishing Goods, &c. Having just purchased this Spring and Summer

GENTS DRESS HATS,

of all styles and qualities, new shapes, &c.

Extra Silk for $3,00, former price $4,00
Super for $3,50 former price $4,00
Extra for $4,00 former price $5,00
Fine Mole for $2,00, former price $2,50

Also, a Large Assortment

Of Coats, Cassimere Pants, Vests, Linen and Cotton Shirts, Drawers, Hosiery, Gloves, Cravats, Suspenders, Collars, Bosoms, Oxford Ties, Morocco and Calf Boots, Oxford Ties, Morocco and Calf Shoes, Rubbers, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Canes, &c.

Extra Fine Calf Patent Leather Boots, former price $6,00
Extra Fine Calf Boots, former price $5,00

Also, a Large Stock

Of Ready Made Clothing, consisting in part of Fine Dress Coats, Frock Coats, Sack Coats, Pants, Vests, Cloaks, Overcoats, Water Proof Coats, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Such as

SENGO DEEW WELLS NE COBBER.

TELEGRAPEIC

THE DAILY WHIG AND COURIER

Steamer George Law aground.

Fort Chester, May 31.

The steamer George Law, Capt. Shaw, struck on the bar at the mouth of Port Chester harbor this evening, starting a leak, but was got off in safe shape, and continued on her trip.

Fire—Sudden Death.

At a fire in a street fire this morning, Mr [illegible] a large dwelling at Washington, amounting to [illegible] Mr. Thompson, the author of the [illegible] was, accidentally, shooting at a mark with some [illegible] Ann Arbor, Mich., yesterday.

Explosion of a Locomotive—Death.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 31.

[illegible] of a freight train on the Philadelphia Railroad, exploded this [illegible] Md., in consequence of [illegible] the water to get too low [illegible] supplying the pumps. Thos [illegible] and Monroe Keuton, firemen, [illegible] Henry Perlmer and John [illegible] though not fatally injured.

Marine Intelligence.

[illegible] Whig & Courier.]

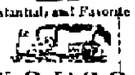
[illegible] Rejoice, Glen, Trimble, J. B. [illegible] Pendleton, St Stephens, arb Ben [illegible] Kemp, Reed, Calais; Charles, [illegible] Ar 30th, sch Marmora, Warren, [illegible] Gazell, Ellsworth for New York; [illegible] Bangor.

[illegible] 30th, brig President Z Taylor, [illegible] sch Envoy, Foster, Bangor [illegible] Rose, from Warren for Philadelphia; [illegible] Cleared 30th, brig Atchafalaya, Hamilton, [illegible] Ar 30th, brig Porto Rico, Blanchard, [illegible] Perl Watkins, Belen State, Kelsey, [illegible] Mattanzas, Hopper, Jackson, Fleckwood, [illegible] Ar 30th,

STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

The Good, Substantial, and Favorite STEAMER



PENOBSCOT,

CAPT. FLOWERS,

Having been thoroughly overhauled, refurnished, &c., will commence her regular trips between *Bangor and Boston*, on or before the

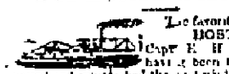
10th day of June next.

F. D. EDMUNDS, Agent.

May 24, 1855 dtf

Sanford's Independent Line!

For Boston & Lowell.



The favorite Steamer BOSTON, Capt. E. H. SANFORD, having been thoroughly repaired and refurnished the past winter, will run as follows during the remainder of season of 1855:

Leave Pepper's Wharf, every Monday and Thursday forenoon, at 11 o'clock, touching at Hampden Landing each trip.

—RETURNING—

Leave Foster's Smith's wharf, Boston, for Bangor, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY afternoon, at 5 o'clock, touching at above.

FARE from Bangor, Hampden, Winterport, Frankfort and Bucksport to Boston and Lowell, $3.00; from Searsport and Belfast to Boston and Lowell, $2.50; from Camden and Rockland to Boston and Lowell, $2.00. No fare extra.

ARRANGEMENTS THIS SEASON.

F. R. Wescott, Hampden; Otis Kidder & Co., Frankfort; J. W. Patterson, Buckeport; C. C. Clary, Searsport; Joseph Dorr, Belfast; D. M. Wood, Camden; M. W. Farwell, Rockland.

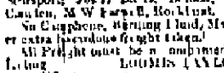
No Cargoes are shipped by this Steamer except extra freight charged.

All Freight must be in readiness by Pilla to Landing. LOUIS LAVOIE, Agent.

april17 tf

Travelers' Inland Route.

FOR PORTLAND, Boston and Lowell.



The splendid Steamer DANIEL SWEETSER, *Capt. Reuben Hoyt Sawyer*, of nine hundred tons burthen, built expressly for speed, strength, safety and all the accommodations for passengers ever before attempted, will run as follows, (Sundays excepted):

Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

At 7 o'clock A. M., touching at Hampden, Frankfort, Bucksport, Searsport, Belfast, Camden, and Rockland; and connecting with the Cars for Boston and Lowell at Portland, arriving in Boston at 6 o'clock early hour in the evening.

*** No bills paid by this company unless ordered by the Captain or Agent.

—RETURNING—

Leaves Portland at 6 o'clock A. M. every day, (Sundays excepted,) for Bangor, touching at all the Landings on the Penobscot River, as above.

—AT—

From Bangor, Hampden, Frankfort, and Bucksport, to Portland, $2.00—to Boston, $3.00

From Searsport and Belfast to Portland, $1.50—to Boston $2.50

From Camden and Rockland to Portland, $1.00—to Boston, 2.00

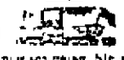
From Bangor to Lowell, $3.00. Belfast to Lowell, $2.50. Rockland to Lowell, $2.00.

Way Fare on the River at usual rates. Meals extra.

Passengers by this conveyance several hours in advance of any other line.

April, 1855 D. A. BLAKE, General Agt.

For Boston—Direct!



The new and fine going Steamship

GEN. KNOX

Capt. LEWIS WINCHENBACH,

Will leave Penobscot Wharf, Bangor, for Boston, on TUESDAY morning, at 6 o'clock, touching at all the usual Landings on the River and Bay.

—RETURNING—

Will leave Eastern Wharf, Boston, every THURSDAY afternoon, at 4 o'clock, touching at above Landings.

*** Fare in Cabin to Boston $2.50. Way Fare at usual rates.

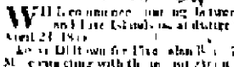
*** Freight taken at low rates.

SIM'N OTIS, Agent.

Bangor, April 12, 1855

Steamboat Notice.

The Penobscot River Steamboats



Will commence running between Oldtown and Lee Islands, on and after MONDAY, April 23, 1855.

Leave Old Town for Lee Islands at 6 A. M., 12 M., and 6 P. M., connecting with the morning and noon trains for Bangor.

Leave Lee Islands for Old Town 6 A. M., 12 M., and 6 P. M., connecting with the 7 o'clock and 1 o'clock trains of cars for Bangor.

A Boat will leave Old Town for Upper Stillwater at 2 o'clock P. M. on and after April 23, 1855.

*** Passengers will be carried at reasonable rates to and from Mattamiscontis.

J. W. MOSS, Agent.

April 23, 1855 dtf

The Great Standard Remedy

—FOR—

PULMONARY DISEASES!

Let no man neither Bonaparte, Jew nor Englishman, Christian nor Infidel, Turk nor Heretic, Savage nor Philosopher, Democrat nor Monarchist, Protestant nor Papist, Pope nor Devil, Priest nor Parson, Believer nor Unbeliever, Saint nor Sinner, Publican nor Pharisee, Virginia nor Africa, Scientific and Unlearned, Public Men—and, in fact, by all classes of the community. See Pamphlets and wrapper containing Certificates, among which are the following:

REV. DR. ADAM BURNHAM, Boston, late President of Lane Theological Seminary, Cincinnati, Ohio.—LEVI RICE, Dr. JEROMIN WORTH, Albert, Prof. of Theology in Andover Theological Seminary, Mass.—Hon. DANIEL P. THOMPSON, Secretary of State of Vermont.—N. P. WILLIS, Esq., formerly Editor of the Home Journal, New York.—Rev. ROBERT LAIRD, Philadelphia, Pa.—and many others.

HOW ESTEEMED BY PHYSICIANS.—JOHN A. BIRNEY, M. D., Boston, Mass., "Having a practice of twenty years I do not need all the popular medicines for Cough, and am well satisfied that your AMERICAN PULMONARY BALSAM is best, and I do not willingly let it be known, and more generally used."

"Millions of Consumptives send to nations!"

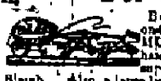
Inquire for the pamphlet, headed "WONDERFUL CURE OF PULMONARY DISEASES." *Prepared only by* DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Druggists, Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold by Agents everywhere. Quarter Medicines generally, *three times the quantity of the eighth*, $1. Old style, a half bottle, 50 cents.

For sale in Bangor by all Druggists and S. E. Dealers.

H. H. HAY, Portland, General Agent for Maine.

dec15 1yrd&w

For Sale,



By the subscriber, one Second Hand two horse passenger HUD WAGON, one second hand Buggy Wagon, and one superior six passenger Sleigh. Also, a large lot of first quality SPLIT SPOKES.

THOS. J. WHITON,

Harlow street.

may3

RAIL ROADS.

Bangor, Oldtown, and Milford Rail Road Company.

Summer Arrangement.

ON and after MONDAY, April 23, 1855, the Trains will run as follows, till further notice given:

LEAVE BANGOR	LEAVE OLDTOWN
At 6 o'clock A. M.	At 7 o'clock A. M.,
12¼ " A. M.,	2 " P. M.,
6½ " P. M.,	7 " "

After the last of May a Freight Train will leave Bangor at 9½ A. M. and Oldtown at 12½ M. A Car for passengers will be attached.

E. HARRIS, Agent.

(Dem., Journal and Mercury copy)

Androscoggin and Kennebec RAIL-ROAD.

Summer Arrangement.

ON and after MONDAY, April 2, 1855, Passenger Trains will run between Bangor and Portland as follows:

Leave Bangor at 6 45 A. M. and 12 M., and connect at Portland with trains for Boston.

Passengers by this train reach Lewiston Falls, Lewiston and Lowell same day.

Morning train from Waterville connects at Danville Junction with trains for Portland and noon train connects the same place with trains for Paris, Gorham, Island Pond, and Montreal.

Returning, trains arrive at Waterville at 11 45 A. M. and 6 P. M.

Trains on Penobscot and Kennebec Railroad run between Pittsfield and Waterville, to connect both ways with trains each way—leaving Pittsfield at 9 A. M. and 10 20 A. M., and arrive at 1.25 P. M. and 6 P. M.

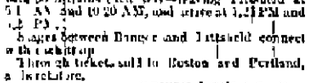
Stages between Bangor and Pittsfield connect with this train.

Through tickets sold to Boston and Portland, at this office.

ROWIN NOYES, Sup't.

March 7, 1855

Penobscot and Kennebec RAIL-ROAD.



Opened to Pittsfield.

ON and after MONDAY, April 2, 1855, Passenger Trains will run between Pittsfield and Waterville as follows, to wit:

Leave Pittsfield at 9 A. M. and 10 20 A. M. for Waterville, to connect with the trains leaving for Portland and Boston same day.

—RETURNING—

Leave Waterville on arrival of each train from Portland

Stages run daily between Bangor and Pittsfield, to connect with trains each way.

LOVIN NOYES,

Apr. 27, 1855 Sup't A. K. R. R.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,

For the Cure of Consumption

THE proprietor of this medicine was induced, many years ago, to make so far as he was capable by physicians and friends, in the last stages of Consumption. When all hopes of ever getting well had fled, but was strongly recommended to use Sea Weed from inside Indian rapids, which under the Divine blessing restored him to perfect health, and he has since given the recipe to thousands, who have used it with the same happy effect. Many of these were considered by the faculty as incurable, and had given up all hope of recovery. Some of the most eminent physicians in the country have used it in their practice with unparalleled success.

No other medicine ever produced such astonishing cures of Pulmonary Complaints. Many of the most skilful physicians have given it up, and acknowledge that it is the only remedy that will cure Consumption. Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, which causes the Liver to throw off large quantities of bile, and carries off the disease by the bowels. Dr. Schenck's Seaweed Tonic, which produces a healthy appetite and digestion. Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills, which purify the blood and cleanse the system of all impurities.

These medicines require no change of diet, and are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. Full directions how to use them accompany each medicine. Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 per half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box.

For sale by all Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States, Canada, and Cuba.

VOLUNTARY TESTIMONY.

We, the undersigned, citizens of the city of Philadelphia, believe that we are conferring a benefit on the afflicted by recommending to their confidence Dr. J. H. SCHENCK'S Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills, as the best remedies for Consumption under the direction of which he was himself restored to health after having been for two years under the care of several physicians, who gave him up as incurable. He still continues to enjoy good health, and is now engaged in introducing his medicines into general use, and recommends them to the afflicted as the best remedies he knows of.

Mayor of Philadelphia. ISAAC HORLEY

Late Mayor. JOSEPH HENSON

Recent Mayors. GEO. SEYMOUR

Judges of Supreme Court. SAMUEL H. ... ROBERT C. GRIER

Members of the Bar. PETER McCALL, WM. M. MEREDITH, C. DAILEY, SAMUEL SHARSWOOD, GEORGE M. ALLEN, JAS. M. HEMPHILL, ALEX. WURTS, M. D.

Physicians. J. PANCOAST, M. D., GEO. PEPPER, M. D., R. E. GRIFFITH, M. D., JAMES CARSON, M. D.

Clergy. JAMES CROWELL, D. D., GEO. W. BETHUNE, D. D., JOHN CHAMBERS, D. D., JOHN W. CHAMBERS, D. D., JOHN H. HOPKINS, D. D., JOHN BOCKUS, D. D., JOHN G. MORRIS, D. D., JOHN A. CLARK, D. D., JOHN DURBIN, D. D., JOHN McCLINTOCK, D. D., JOHN P. DURBIN, D. D., JOHN DAVIS, D. D., JOHN HANNAH, D. D., JOHN COOKMAN, D. D., JOHN CHAMBERS, D. D., JOHN H. HOPKINS, D. D., JOHN BOCKUS, D. D., JOHN G. MORRIS, D. D., JOHN A. CLARK, D. D., JOHN DURBIN, D. D., JOHN McCLINTOCK, D. D., JOHN P. DURBIN, D. D., JOHN DAVIS, D. D., JOHN HANNAH, D. D., JOHN COOKMAN, D. D.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Philadelphia—GILBERT, WENTZ & CO., 177 N. Third St.

New York—C. V. CL. CRNER & CO., 81 Park-st.

Boston—2. DOING & CO., No. 8 State Street. And every respectable druggist throughout the Christian world.

dly dec8

Burning Fluid

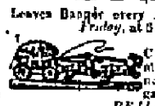
AND Camphene for sale at

INGRAHAM'S.

STAGES.

Bangor and Skowhegan STAGE,

Leaves Bangor every *Monday, Wednesday and Friday*, at 8 o'clock A. M.



Passing through Hermon, Carmel, Etna, Newport, Palmyra, Pittsfield, and Clinton, arriving at Skowhegan early the same evening.

RETURNING,

Leaves Skowhegan, every *Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday*, at 8 o'clock A. M., and arrives at Bangor, at 6 o'clock P. M.

Books kept at the Penobscot Exchange, Bangor House, and at our Stage Office, on Harlow street.

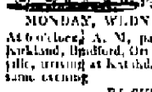
WALTER SMITH & CO.,

Proprietors.

aug2

Katahdin Iron Works

STAGE NOTICE.



THE *Bangor and Katahdin Iron Works Stage* leaves Bangor every

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY & FRIDAY,

At 6 o'clock A. M., passing through Glenburn, Kirkland, Bradford, Orneville, Milo and Brownville, arriving at Katahdin Iron Works early the same evening.

RETURNING,

Leaves Katahdin Iron Works, *Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday*, at 6 o'clock A. M., and arrives at Bangor at 4 o'clock P. M.

Books kept at the Penobscot Exchange, Exchange House, Franklin House, and at our Stage Office on Exchange street.

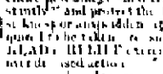
PALMER & MORRILL, Proprietors.

Bangor, Sept. 19, 1851 dtf

Walter Smith & Co's Line.

STAGE NOTICE.

Through to Moosehead Lake same day.



THE Bangor, Moosehead Lake and Mooseheadlake Stage leaves Bangor every *Monday, Wednesday, and Friday*, at 6 o'clock, A. M., passing through Levant, Exeter, Garland, Sangerville, Guilford Abbot, and Monson, arrives at Greenville, (foot of the Lake,) early the same evening.

RETURNING,

Leaves Greenville (foot of the Lake) every *Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday*, at 6 o'clock, A. M., and arrives at Bangor, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE—A stage will leave Foxcroft on the arrival of the above stage from Bangor, for through Guilford village to Dover, East Sangerville, and Guilford Centre, connecting with the above at Monson.

Books kept at the Penobscot Exchange, Eastern House, Bangor House, and at our Stage Office on Talbot Street.

WALTER SMITH & CO., Proprietors.

Bangor, August 2.

R. R. R.

IMPORTANT PROCLAMATION!

A Great Mystery Explained.

In the year of our Lord 1847, in our experience of nearly all the chemists, we discovered that by mixing certain vegetable agents which had never before been mixed in medicine, a prompt and prope ty possessing such a marvellous quick power over PAIN, that the moment it was applied to the part affected with pain, all uneasiness was said. The most torturing pains were relieved in a moment, and the most violent spasms and irritation were stayed and the system restored to perfect ease in a few minutes.

In 1849 we introduced this remedy to the world under the name of

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

It has been used by hundreds of thousands during, both the United States, and is now, and has been troubled with Pain or Soreness.

Our application externally, or a few drops taken internally, will instantly free the most excruciating pain, and the most violent and terrific pains, and restore the weak, feeble, and prostrated to strength and vigor.

No person has ever used RADWAY'S READY RELIEF without deriving some special benefit in less than fifteen minutes after its use.

To those who do not now use it we say, every person give it a trial, for no person can suffer long with pain and disease and comfort.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

was the first and is the only remedy ever discovered that will stop the most excruciating pains in a few seconds, and free the system from Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, and Disorders of the Kidneys.

It will cure and protect the system against sudden attacks of

CHOLERA	DYSENTERY,
DIARRHŒA,	CHOLERA MORBUS,
BILIOUS COLIC,	HEART AND WIND
INFLAMMATION,	DISEASES,

Bear in mind, this remedy is a perfect antidote, and will, without stimulating, restore a natural and healthy circulation of the blood, and free the system from all impurities.

The R. R. REMEDIES are a medicals universe of the present century. They instantly stop in any climate, and in any part of the world, any and every pain, whether of one minute's standing or of years, and protect the delicate system from all future attacks. The doses required are few, and a few drops in water will cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, Pain in the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Headache, Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Hysterics, Croup, Bad Turns, Palpitation of the Heart, Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Ague in the Face, Pain in the Bowels, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency, Fainting Spells, Nervous Diseases, Sleeplessness, Nervous Headache, Nervous Irritability, Hysterics, Paralysis, Numbness, Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Hysterics, Croup, Bad Turns, Palpitation of the Heart, Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Ague in the Face, Pain in the Bowels, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency, Fainting Spells, Nervous Diseases, Sleeplessness, Nervous Headache, Nervous Irritability, Hysterics, Paralysis, Numbness, Pain in the Side, Back or Limbs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Headache